Legislative Audit Division



State of Montana

Report to the Legislature

November 1996

Financial-Compliance Audit For the Two Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 1996

Department of Military Affairs

This report contains three recommendations covering

- Establishing disaster or emergency procedures to ensure consistent recording of financial activity and compliance with state laws and policies.
- Requesting federal funds in advance and earning approximately \$23,000 in additional interest.
- Accuracy of accounting records.

Direct comments/inquiries to: Legislative Audit Division Room 135, State Capitol PO Box 201705 Helena MT 59620-1705

FINANCIAL-COMPLIANCE AUDITS

Financial-compliance audits are conducted by the Legislative Audit Division to determine if an agency's financial operations are properly conducted, the financial reports are presented fairly, and the agency has complied with applicable laws and regulations. In performing the audit work, the audit staff uses standards set forth by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the United States General Accounting Office. Financial-compliance audit staff members hold degrees with an emphasis in accounting. Most staff members hold Certified Public Accountant (CPA) certificates.

Government Auditing Standards, the Single Audit Act of 1984 and Amendments of 1996, and OMB Circular A-128 require the auditor to issue certain financial, internal control, and compliance reports. This individual agency audit report is not intended to comply with these reporting requirements and is therefore not intended for distribution to federal grantor agencies. The Legislative Audit Division issues a statewide biennial Single Audit Report which complies with the above reporting requirements. The Single Audit Report for the two fiscal years ended June 30, 1995 has been issued. Copies of the Single Audit Report can be obtained by contacting:

Single Audit Coordinator Office of Budget and Program Planning State Capitol Helena MT 59620 Phone (406) 444-3616 Legislative Audit Division Room 135, State Capitol PO Box 201705 Helena MT 59620-1705

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Deputy Legislative Auditors: Jim Pellegrini, Performance Audit James Gillett, Financial-Compliance Audit

November 1996

The Legislative Audit Committee of the Montana State Legislature:

This is our financial-compliance audit report on the Department of Military Affairs for the two fiscal years ended June 30, 1996. Included in this report are recommendations concerning: establishing disaster and emergency procedures, requesting federal funds in advance, and accuracy of accounting records.

The department's written response to the audit recommendations is included at the end of the audit report. We thank the Adjutant General and his staff for their assistance and cooperation.

Respectfully submitted,

"Signature on File"

Scott A. Seacat Legislative Auditor

Legislative Audit Division

Financial-Compliance Audit
For the Two Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 1996

Department of Military Affairs

Members of the audit staff involved in this audit were Jody Brandt, Laurie Evans, Wayne Guazzo, Susan S. McEachern, Paul J. O'Loughlin, and Cathy Pennie.

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Appointed and Administrative Officials

Department of Military Affairs

John E. Prendergast Adjutant General

Doug Booker Administrator

Centralized Services Division

Jim Greene Administrator

Disaster and Emergency Services Division

James F. Jacobsen Administrator

Veterans Affairs Division

Board of Veterans Affairs Term Expires

George Hageman, Chairman May 1997

Johnny Buck, Vice Chairman May 1999

Thaddeous Mayer, Secretary May 2001

Ruben McKinney, Member May 2000

Barbara Ellestad, Member May 1998

Department of Military Affairs

This audit report is the result of our financial-compliance audit of the Department of Military Affairs for the two fiscal years ended June 30, 1996. The report contains three recommendations directed to the department.

The first recommendation discusses the need for the department to establish accounting and administrative procedures for consistent recording of financial activity and compliance with state laws and polices during declared disasters or emergencies. In fiscal years 1994-95 and 1995-96, the department was involved in three declared disasters. We noted several instances where the department did not properly record financial activity or comply with state laws and policies.

The second recommendation relates to procedures used by the department to draw funds for the Air and Army National Guard Programs. Currently, on a monthly basis, the department requests reimbursement from the United States Department of Defense for expenditures related to this program. To accommodate after-the-fact funding, the department obtained a \$1.8 million loan from the General Fund in fiscal year 1995-96. This resulted in lost interest to the General Fund.

The final recommendation relates to proper recording of financial activity on the Statewide Budgeting and Accounting System (SBAS). We noted instances where the department did not record expenditures and revenue in accordance with state laws and policies. In addition, we noted the department should deposit Veterans Affairs collections and restrictively endorse checks on a timely basis as required by state law and policies.

Department officials concur with all recommendations.

We issued an unqualified opinion on the financial schedules presented in this report. This means the reader may rely on the presented financial information and the supporting detailed information on SBAS.

Report Summary

The listing below serves as a means of summarizing the recommendations contained in the report, the department's response thereto, and a reference to the supporting comments.

Recommendation #1	We recommend the department:						
	A. Establish internal administrative policies and procedures for disasters or emergencies to ensure compliance with state laws and policies						
	Agency Response: Concur. See page B-4.						
	B. Work with the Department of Administration, Accounting and Management Support Division to establish accounting policy and procedures for use by other state agencies which provide support to disasters or emergencies						
	Agency Response: Concur. See page B-4.						
Recommendation #2	We recommend the department work with the United States Department of Defense and establish procedures to obtain cash advances for federal expenditures						
	Agency Response: Concur. See page B-4.						
Recommendation #3	We recommend the department:						
	A. Ensure expenditures and revenues are properly recorded in accordance with state law and policies 11						
	Agency Response: Concur. See page B-5.						
	B. Deposit Veterans Affairs Division collections and restrictively endorse checks timely as required by state law and policy						
	Agency Response: Concur. See page B-5.						

Introduction

Introduction

We performed the financial-compliance audit of the Department of Military Affairs for the two fiscal years ended June 30, 1996. The objectives of the audit were to:

- 1. Determine if the department complied with applicable state and federal laws and regulations.
- 2. Obtain an understanding of the department's control systems and, if appropriate, make recommendations for improvement in the internal and management controls of the department.
- 3. Determine if the department's financial schedules fairly present the results of operations for the two fiscal years ended June 30, 1996.
- 4. Determine the implementation status of prior audit recommendations.

This report contains three recommendations to the department. These recommendations address areas where the department can improve internal controls, accounting procedures, and compliance with laws and regulations. Areas of concern deemed not to have a significant effect on the successful operations of the department are not specifically included in the report, but have been discussed with management.

In accordance with section 5-13-307, MCA, we analyzed and disclosed the cost, if significant, of implementing the recommendations in this report.

Background

The department was created under the Executive Reorganization Act of 1971. The department consists of the Montana National Guard, Centralized Services, Disaster and Emergency Services, and Veterans Affairs Divisions.

The Montana National Guard is authorized approximately 49 full time equivalent (FTE) positions. The Montana National Guard has two programs, the Air National Guard and the Army National Guard. The Air National Guard provides firefighting personnel and maintenance and support for Air National Guard facilities at Great

Falls, Montana. The Army National Guard provides administration, maintenance, and support for facilities and training areas throughout the state. The mission of both programs is to provide the necessary facilities to support the Montana National Guard in the event of a state or national emergency.

Centralized Services Division (CSD) is authorized approximately six FTE. CSD is the primary administrative support organization for the department, including financial management, budgeting, personnel, and other administrative activities.

The Disaster and Emergency Services Division (DES) works with local, state, and federal officials to prepare, update, and coordinate emergency preparedness, response, and recovery plans; provides technical support for civil defense shelters and exercises, and for radiological defense and monitoring; and receives, records, and disburses federal funds to eligible political subdivisions. This division is authorized 20 FTE.

The Veterans Affairs Division (VA) is authorized approximately 19 FTE and is responsible for assisting Montana's veterans and dependents in obtaining veterans' benefits. The division provides information on benefits, guidance on completing veterans' administration forms, and referral to other agencies. The division is attached to the department for administrative purposes. The division administrator is hired by and reports to the Board of Veterans Affairs. The board is appointed by the governor with the consent of the senate.

In addition to Montana Department of Military Affairs activity, other Montana National Guard activities are directly funded by the federal government. According to department officials, federal funding for the Air and Army National Guard programs during federal fiscal year 1994-95 was approximately \$39.2 million and \$50.5 million, respectively. These funds were used for National Guard personnel salaries and training and to purchase equipment.

Prior Audit Recommendations

Prior Audit Recommendations

Our office performed the department's financial-compliance audit for the two fiscal years ended June 30, 1994. The report contained six recommendations still applicable to the department. We determined the department implemented three, partially implemented one, and did not implement two of the recommendations.

The recommendation which was partially implemented relates to compliance with state laws regarding travel reimbursements and is discussed on page 5. The recommendations which were not implemented relate to accuracy of accounting records and cash collection procedures as discussed on pages 8 and 11, respectively.

Disaster & Emergency Procedures

During fiscal years 1994-95 and 1995-96, the department provided various services for a number of disasters and emergencies occurring in the state of Montana. These included forest fires in 1994, 1996 floods, and the 1996 train derailment which resulted in a chemical spill. The Governor declared a disaster emergency for each of the above incidents which allowed the department to spend the Governor's Disaster Funds from the General Fund. In addition, the department received moneys from the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) for presidential declarations of the 1994 fires and the 1996 floods. The department's Disaster & Emergency Services Division coordinated the state's involvement in these declared disasters. As the incidents progressed the national guard and other state agency personnel were involved in assisting the department.

The state of Montana has not established specific procedures for agencies to follow to ensure consistent recording of financial activity and compliance with state laws and policies related to disasters or emergencies. Without established procedures for use by all state agencies involved in responding to a disaster or emergency situation, the state of Montana's accounting records may not properly reflect the related costs. The costs may be recorded more than once; not recorded at all; or not recorded in a consistent manner by the various state agencies involved. In addition, noncompliance with state laws and policies may occur due to the emergency nature of the situation. We noted the following instances where accounting and administrative procedures would have helped the department to consistently record financial activity and minimize noncompliance with state laws and policies.

After the 1996 floods and clean-up of a chemical spill, the department reimbursed other state agencies for their related overtime pay out of the Governor's Disaster Fund. When the department was reimbursed by a county, the department abated the expenditures out of the Governor's Disaster Fund rather than recording the reimbursement as revenue. State policy requires that the reimbursement be recorded as revenue rather than an expenditure abatement. This error resulted in unrecorded expenditures and revenue on the state's accounting

records. After discussions with our office and the Department of Administration, Accounting and Management Support Division, the department adjusted the accounting records to report the majority of the revenue and expenditures in fiscal year 1995-96. The remaining amounts not recorded on the state's accounting records by the department are discussed in the accounting issues report section on page 9.

- When the Montana National Guard was called to active duty during the 1994 forest fires, the department reimbursed guardsmen for actual motel costs, even though the costs exceeded the amounts allowed by state law. We noted reimbursements made at \$50 per day rather than the \$30 allowed by section 2-18-501, MCA. According to department officials, the guardsmen were called out on short notice and there was not adequate time to ensure lodging rates were within the state per diem allowance.
- -- The department did not retain time sheets prepared by guardsmen for three years as required by state policy and federal regulations. The time sheets are used as documentation to support amounts paid to the individual guardsmen.

 According to National Guard personnel, the support is retained for one year and disposed of, if no problems occur. The department should retain the support documentation for three years as required by state policy and federal regulation.
- At the completion of a fire, the Department of Natural Resources and Conservation (formerly Department of State Lands), normally calculates the cost of fighting fires on federal property and bills the United States Forest Service. As a result of the 1994 forest fires, the department received \$899,622 from the United States Forest Service related to the cost of fighting fires on federal property. The department classified this revenue as "federal indirect cost recoveries." During similar instances in the past, the Department of Natural Resources and Conservation received these types of funds and recorded the revenue as "charges for services."

Because the occurrence of emergencies and disasters normally requires an immediate response, that is usually not the best time for agencies to ponder accounting and routine administrative questions. If the department worked with the Department of Administration, Accounting and Management Support Division to establish written procedures to be used when state agencies record accounting

transactions resulting from emergencies and disasters, it could simplify administrative details and allow more efficient use of agency resources.

Recommendation #1

We recommend the department:

- A. Establish internal administrative policies and procedures for disasters or emergencies to ensure compliance with state laws and policies.
- B. Work with the Department of Administration, Accounting and Management Support Division to establish accounting policy and procedures for use by other state agencies which provide support to disasters or emergencies.

Timely Reimbursements

The department receives federal funding for the Air National Guard and Army National Guard programs through a Master Cooperative Agreement signed by Montana's Adjutant General and United States Property and Fiscal Officer. In fiscal year 1995-96, the department received approximately \$4.6 million from the United States Department of Defense to reimburse the state for the cost of these programs. To accommodate after-the-fact federal funding, the department obtained a \$1.8 million loan from the General Fund in fiscal year 1995-96.

Each month department personnel review the accounting records for the federal share of salaries and wages, utilities, supplies and construction materials costs. Based on this review, a request for reimbursement is submitted to the federal government. We reviewed a sample of reimbursements during fiscal year 1995-96 and noted on the average, it took approximately five weeks for the department to receive reimbursement from the federal government. According to department personnel, once the request is submitted to the federal government, various checks and balances are completed by the federal government during processing of the claim. Using the

1994-95 treasurer interest rate, average length of time to receive reimbursement and total federal funding from United States Department of Defense in fiscal year 1995-96, we estimated the General Fund lost a minimum of \$23,000 in interest earnings during fiscal year 1995-96 because reimbursements were not timely.

According to the Master Cooperative Agreement, payment may be made to the department through various forms, including payment in advance. The type of expenditures incurred by the department, on behalf of the federal government, could be estimated and a request for advance submitted. This would allow the department to receive federal funds in a timely manner. It would also eliminate the need for a large inter-entity loan and reduce any lost interest to the General Fund.

Department personnel state they have recently discussed requesting federal moneys in advance, however, they have not yet pursued the matter.

Recommendation #2

We recommend the department work with the United States Department of Defense and establish procedures to obtain cash advances for federal expenditures.

Accuracy of Accounting Records

The financial information of the department is used by department officials, budget analysts, and the legislature to manage and establish funding levels for the department. State law requires transactions entered on the state's accounting system be recorded in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP). The Department of Administration, Accounting and Management Support Division, has adopted state accounting policies which comply with GAAP. Accounting for financial activity in accordance with these requirements improves the quality, consistency and comparability of the resulting financial information among state agencies. It also ensures that revenue and expenditures are properly and consistently measured within each fiscal year. We noted the

following instances where the department did not record expenditures and revenue in accordance with state law and policies.

Abatement of Expenditures

We noted instances where expenditures were improperly abated. State policy allows abatements for specific items which are nonrecurring and nonroutine in nature and are the responsibility of an outside party. The policy indicates for an expenditure abatement to be allowable the original expenditure transaction should not be part of the normal or routine mission of the department.

- The Disaster and Emergency Services Division (DES) maintains a supply of sandbags for use by the state and local governments during floods. The department records an expenditure on the state's accounting records for sandbag purchases and it abates the expenditure, instead of recording a revenue, when a payment is received from a county or local government. In addition, the department does not record an accounts receivable on the accounting records for sandbags sold on credit. As a result, the following accounts are understated in fiscal year 1995-96, on the department's financial records: expenditures by \$2,962; revenue by \$37,485; and accounts receivable by \$34,523. Department personnel believed the distribution of sandbags was not a frequent event and therefore, qualifies as a proper abatement. However, providing disaster and emergency assistance to counties and local governments is part of the mission of the department.
- -- The department incorrectly recorded \$28,618 of revenue received from the federal government for communication charges. When the department received the federal moneys, personnel abated expenditures rather than recording the revenue. Department personnel stated this transaction was the result of human error.
- In fiscal year 1995-96, we noted four instances where the department paid for the initial cost of an airline ticket for DES employees to attend FEMA training courses. The employees later reimbursed the department a total of \$3,541 from moneys they received from FEMA. When the reimbursement is received from the DES employee, the department abates the expenditure rather than recording the revenue. We noted six additional instances where the DES employee paid for the airline ticket directly. We are unable to determine the amount

of unrecorded revenue and expenditures for those six transactions since they did not flow through the state's accounting records. Since DES employees attend the training courses as part of their job, state policy requires these expenditures and the related revenue be recorded on the state's accounting records to reflect the cost of operations. As a result, in fiscal year 1995-96, expenditures and revenue are understated on the state's accounting records by at least \$3,541.

-- The department received reimbursement of \$12,347 from a third party for state employee overtime pay related to the 1996 floods. The department abated the expenditures rather than recording the related revenue and expenditures. As a result, revenue and expenditures on the state's accounting records are understated in fiscal year 1995-96 by \$12,347.

Classifying Expenditures and Revenues

Department of Administration, Accounting and Management Support Division, established expenditure and revenue classifications for agencies to use so information recorded on the state's accounting system consistently and accurately identifies the nature of amounts disbursed and received by agencies. We noted the following instances where the department did not use classifications in accordance with state policy.

- -- In fiscal year 1994-95, we noted the department recorded approximately \$43,000 of county employee travel costs to "operating-expenses non-employee travel" rather than "grants to counties." This occurred because department personnel complete travel vouchers for county employees who attend DES training conferences and reimburse the county employees directly. Since the county employee is a representative of the county, and this activity is considered assistance to counties, the department should classify the financial activity as "grants to counties." Department personnel stated there was confusion regarding how this activity should be recorded.
- -- In fiscal years 1994-95 and 1995-96, the department recorded federal funds received to pay the costs of a portion of one employee's position as "federal indirect cost recoveries." The department normally classifies federal funds received to fund a portion of its employee salaries as "federal" revenue. In fiscal year 1994-95 and 1995-96, the department misclassified federal revenue amounting to \$13,674 and \$13,667 respectively. The

department should ensure federal revenue is classified properly on the state's accounting records.

Cash Collection Procedures

The department's Veterans Affairs Division (VA) receives donations, consisting of cash and checks, to support its cemetery operations. During fiscal years 1994-95 and 1995-96, the department collected approximately \$8,090 and \$7,485, respectively, in cemetery donations. Section 17-6-105(6), MCA, requires all moneys be deposited daily with the state treasurer whenever the accumulated amount of coin and currency exceeds \$100 or total collections exceed \$500. All moneys collected must be deposited at least weekly. State policy also requires that all checks received by the department be restrictively endorsed immediately upon receipt.

We tested eight deposits made during two months, and noted two instances where the department did not deposit the donations within the time frame required by state law. We also noted checks are not restrictively endorsed immediately upon receipt as required by state policy. These were concerns reported in a prior audit of the department. Department personnel stated one of the deposits was not made because employees were on vacation and no employees were available to approve the document for processing. Department personnel stated they are moving an employee from another division into CSD, which should minimize the concern in the future.

Recommendation #3

We recommend the department:

- A. Ensure expenditures and revenues are properly recorded in accordance with state law and policies.
- B. Deposit Veterans Affairs Division collections and restrictively endorse checks timely as required by state law and policy.

Independent Auditor's Report& Agency Financial Schedules

LEGISLATIVE AUDIT DIVISION

Scott A. Seacat, Legislative Auditor John W. Northey, Legal Counsel Tori Hunthausen, IT & Operations Manager



Deputy Legislative Auditors: Jim Pellegrini, Performance Audit James Gillett, Financial-Compliance Audit

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Legislative Audit Committee of the Montana State Legislature:

We have audited the accompanying financial schedules of the Department of Military Affairs for each of the two fiscal years ended June 30, 1995 and 1996, as shown on pages A-5 through A-15. The information contained in these financial schedules is the responsibility of the department's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial schedules based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial schedules are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosure in the financial schedules. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial schedule presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

As described in note 1, the financial schedules are presented on a comprehensive basis of accounting other than generally accepted accounting principles. The schedules are not intended to be a complete presentation and disclosure of the department's assets, liabilities, and cash flows.

In our opinion the financial schedules referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the results of operations and changes in fund balances of the Department of Military Affairs for the two fiscal years ended June 30, 1995 and 1996, in conformity with the basis of accounting described in note 1.

Respectfully submitted,

"Signature on File"

James Gillett, CPA Deputy Legislative Auditor

August 27, 1996

DEPARTMENT OF MILITARY AFFAIRS SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE TWO FISCAL YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 1996

	General Fund	Special Revenue Funds
FUND BALANCE: July 1, 1994	\$0	\$ 425,783
ADDITIONS		
Fiscal Year 1994-95		0.400.450
Budgeted Revenues	4 207 079 1	6,490,150
Nonbudgeted Revenues Prior Year Revenue Adjustments	4,397,978 ¹ 1,489	4,678
Prior Year Expenditure Adjustments	21,476	55,718
Prior Year Expenditures	151	00,710
Direct Entries to Fund Balance	101	455
Fiscal Year 1995-96		
Budgeted Revenues	154,861	7,155,194
Nonbudgeted Revenues	9,732	.,,
Prior Year Revenue Adjustments		48,496
Prior Year Expenditure Adjustments	55,144	
Direct Entries to Fund Balance		1,264
Support From State of Montana	3,215,369	
Total Additions	7,856,200	13,755,955
REDUCTIONS		
Fiscal Year 1994-95		
Budgeted Expenditures & Transfers Out	3,605,253	5,196,732
Nonbudgeted Expenditures		4,710
Support to State of Montana	815,841	4 00=
Prior Year Expenditures		1,067
Cash Transfers Out		1,661,223
Prior Year Transfer Out Adjustments Prior Year Revenue Adjustments		5,852 15,869
Thoi Tea Nevenue Aujustinents		13,003
Fiscal Year 1995-96		
Budgeted Expenditures	2,894,889	6,460,823
Prior Year Expenditures		2,718
Prior Year Expenditure Adjustments		86,537
Cash Transfers Out	540.917	639,836
Prior Year Revenue Adjustments Total Reductions	$\frac{540,217}{7,856,200}$	14,075,367
Total recuterous		
FUND BALANCE: June 30, 1996	\$0	\$106,371_

¹ See note 6 on page A-15.

This schedule is prepared from the Statewide Budgeting and Accounting System. Additional information is provided in the notes to the financial schedules beginning on page A-13.

DEPARTMENT OF MILITARY AFFAIRS SCHEDULE OF TOTAL REVENUES & OTHER ADDITIONS FOR THE TWO FISCAL YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 1996

	General Fund	Special Revenue Funds	Total
TOTAL REVENUES BY CLASS			
Fiscal Year 1995-96		ė 00.71e	ė 00.71e
Licenses & Permits Charges for Services	\$ 154,926	\$ 98,716 17,574	\$ 98,716 172,500
Federal Indirect Cost Recoveries	(530,550)	13,667	(516,883)
Rentals, Leases & Royalties	(330,330)	6,903	6,903
Grants, Contracts & Donations		7,485	7,485
Federal		7,059,345	7,059,345
Total Revenues	(375,624)	$\frac{7,003,040}{7,203,690}$	6,828,066
Total Revenues	(070,021)		
Less: Nonbudgeted Revenues	9,732		9,732
Prior-Year Revenue Adjustments	(540,217)	48,496	(491,721)
Actual Budgeted Revenues	154,861	7,155,194	7,310,055
Estimated Revenues	266,337	9,213,062	9,479,399
Budgeted Revenues Over (Under) Estimated	\$ (111,476)	\$ (2,057,868)	\$ (2,169,344)
DUD GETTED DEVENIUMS OVER (VAIDED) EGETA (ATED DV. GV. AGG			
BUDGETED REVENUES OVER (UNDER) ESTIMATED BY CLASS		0.740	0.740
Licenses & Permits	0 (444 470)	\$ 8,740	\$ 8,740
Charges for Services	\$ (111,476)	2,400	(109,076)
Federal Indirect Cost Recoveries		(223)	(223)
Rentals, Leases & Royalties		1,903	1,903
Grants, Contracts & Donations		(2,272)	(2,272)
Federal	Ó (111 470)	(2,068,416)	(2,068,416)
Budgeted Revenues Over (Under) Estimated	\$(111,476)	\$ (2,057,868)	\$ (2,169,344)
TOTAL REVENUES BY CLASS			
Fiscal Year 1994-95			
Licenses & Permits		\$ 87,627	\$ 87,627
Charges for Services	\$ 74	25,553	25,627
Federal Indirect Cost Recoveries	4,397,783 ²	13,674	4,411,457
Rentals, Leases & Royalties	1,610		1,610
Grants, Contracts & Donations		8,100	8,100
Federal		6,344,005	6,344,005
Total Revenues	4,399,467	6,478,959	10,878,426
Less: Nonbudgeted Revenues	4,397,978	4,678	4,402,656

Prior-Year Revenue Adjustments Actual Budgeted Revenues Estimated Revenues	 1,489 0 500	 $ \begin{array}{r} (15,869) \\ \hline 6,490,150 \\ 6,843,556 \end{array} $	_	(14,380) 6,490,150 6,844,056
Budgeted Revenues Over (Under) Estimated	\$ (500)	\$ (353,406)	\$	(353,906)
BUDGETED REVENUES OVER(UNDER) ESTIMATED BY CLASS				
Licenses & Permits		\$ 635	\$	635
Federal Indirect Cost Recoveries	\$ (500)	4		(496)
Federal		 (354,045)		(354,045)
Budgeted Revenues Over (Under) Estimated	\$ (500)	\$ (353, 406)	\$	(353,906)

² See note 6 on page A-15.

This schedule is prepared from the Statewide Budgeting and Accounting System. Additional information is provided in the notes to the financial schedules beginning on page A-13.

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DEPARTMENT OF MILITARY AFFAIRS SCHEDULE OF TOTAL EXPENDITURES & OTHER REDUCTIONS BY OBJECT BY PROGRAM FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1996

PROGRAM EXPENDITURES BY OBJECT	Operations Support	Military Capital Construction 3	Army National Guard	Air National Guard	Disaster Coordination Response	Veterans Affairs	Disaster Fund	Total
Personal Services Salaries Hourly Wages Employee Benefits Total	\$ 210,371 47,848 258,219		\$ 458,140 127,453 585,593	\$ 808,852 236,214 1,045,066	\$ 533,070 127,336 660,406	\$ 399,286 110,215 509,501	\$ 380,654 134 58,087 438,875	\$ 2,790,373 134 707,153 3,497,660
Operating Expenses Other Services Supplies & Materials Communications Travel Rent Utilities Repair & Maintenance Other Expenses Total	23,472 $4,792$ $2,973$ $4,763$ $6,296$ $6,949$ $49,245$		415,075 $167,293$ $299,099$ $24,592$ $62,809$ $749,491$ $781,880$ $26,992$ $2,527,231$	150,148 83,868 523 8,724 409 323,570 33,099 7,620 607,961	19,114 $15,244$ $25,390$ $62,044$ $2,452$ $5,295$ $14,563$ $144,102$	15,798 8,603 19,906 27,760 5,699 490 1,714 1,733 81,703	37,298 10,335 6,263 49,550 1,201 6 36,604 342 141,599	$\begin{array}{r} 660,905 \\ 290,135 \\ 354,154 \\ 177,433 \\ 72,570 \\ 1,073,557 \\ 864,888 \\ \phantom{00000000000000000000000000000000000$
Equipment and Intangible Assets Equipment Intangible Assets Total	$ \begin{array}{r} 23,189 \\ 290 \\ \hline 23,479 \end{array} $		70,256 274 70,530	9,495	18,943 3,333 22,276	11,029 358 11,387	4,023	136,935 4,255 141,190
Capital Outlay Buildings Other Improvements Total		\$ 258,745 240 258,985						258,745 240 258,985
Grants From State Sources From Federal Sources Total					719,256 719,256		$ \begin{array}{r} 129,715 \\ 1,085,717 \\ \hline 1,215,432 \end{array} $	129,715 1,804,973 1,934,688
Benefits and Claims To Individuals Total	$\frac{2,280}{2,280}$			$\frac{(5,438)}{(5,438)}$				(3,158) (3,158)

Debt Service Installment Purchases Total			5,899 5,899	5,899 5,899
Total Program Expenditures	\$333,223_	\$ <u>3,183,354</u> \$ <u>1,657,084</u> \$ <u>1,546,040</u>	\$ <u>608,490</u> \$ <u>1,799,929</u> \$ <u>9,</u>	,387,105
PROGRAM EXPENDITURES BY FUND				
General Fund Special Revenue Fund Total Program Expenditures	\$\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	60,161 1,087,925 6,	,839,745 ,547,360 ,387,105
Less: Prior-Year Expenditure Adjustments Actual Budgeted Expenditures Budget Authority Unspent Budget Authority	$\begin{array}{c cc} & (252) \\ \hline 333,475 & 258,985 \\ 341,799 & 18,311,648 \\ \hline \$ & 8,324 & \$ & 18,052,663 \\ \hline \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c cccc} & (5,322) & 25,038 & 13,324 \\ \hline 3,188,676 & 1,632,046 & 1,532,716 \\ \hline 3,529,985 & 1,656,914 & 1,740,251 \\ \$ & 341,309 & \$ & 24,868 & \$ & 207,535 \\ \hline \end{array}$	621,324 2,176,859 28,	31,393 ,355,712 ,378,780 ,023,068
UNSPENT BUDGET AUTHORITY BY FUND				
General Fund Special Revenue Fund Total Unspent Budget Authority	\$ 8,011 313 \$ 18,052,663 \$ 8,324 \$ 18,052,663	\$ 7,683 \$ 1,144 \$ 4,683 333,626 23,724 202,852 \$ 341,309 \$ 24,868 \$ 207,535	3,976 195,919 18,	209,995 ,813,073 ,023,068

³ See note 5 on page A-15.

This schedule is prepared from the Statewide Budgeting and Accounting System. Additional information is provided in the notes to the financial schedules beginning on page A-13.

DEPARTMENT OF MILITARY AFFAIRS SCHEDULE OF TOTAL EXPENDITURES, TRANSFERS OUT & OTHER REDUCTIONS BY OBJECT BY PROGRAM FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1995

PROGRAM EXPENDITURES BY OBJECT	Operations Support	Army National Guard	Air National <u>Guard</u>	Disaster Coordination Response	Veterans Affairs	<u>Disaster Fund</u>	Total
Personal Services Salaries Employee Benefits Total	\$ 171,890 40,595 212,485	\$ 424,536 120,637 545,173	\$ 769,191 271,870 1,041,061	\$ 526,324 132,208 658,532	\$ 373,718 105,094 478,812	\$ 1,208,981 182,055 1,391,036	\$ 3,474,640 852,459 4,327,099
Operating Expenses Other Services Supplies & Materials Communications Travel Rent Utilities Repair & Maintenance Other Expenses Total	58,024 3,243 2,680 1,454 1,247 7,675 74,323	268,118 88,001 291,965 18,370 51,334 663,487 306,280 15,251 1,702,806	168,192 79,394 636 4,390 296 288,442 32,015 2,815 576,180	46,600 11,044 21,398 98,012 5,530 1,389 2,753 14,246 200,972	19,330 10,894 14,569 26,274 6,500 368 5,156 1,562	2,957 1,343 870 93,269 62	563,221 193,919 332,118 241,769 63,660 953,686 347,513 41,549 2,737,435
Equipment and Intangible Assets Equipment Intangible Assets Total	$ \begin{array}{r} 8,920 \\ 181 \\ \hline 9,101 \end{array} $	34,761	4,131	38,297 118 38,415	$ \begin{array}{r} 31,160 \\ 2,556 \\ \hline 33,716 \end{array} $	2,321	119,590 2,855 122,445
Grants From State Sources From Federal Sources Total				561,231 561,231		94,834	$94,834 \\ 561,231 \\ 656,065$
Benefits and Claims To Individuals Total	2,280 2,280	70,000	742,958 742,958				815,238 815,238
Transfers Accounting Entity Transfers Nonmandatory Transfers Total		69,037 1,870 70,907					69,037 1,870 70,907

Debt Service

Installment Purchases Total								_	6,164 6,164			_	6,164 6,164
Total Program Expenditures	\$	298,189	\$ ₌	2,423,647	\$_2,364,330	\$_	1,459,150	\$	603,345	\$_	1,586,692	\$	8,735,353
PROGRAM EXPENDITURES BY FUND													
General Fund Special Revenue Fund	\$	284,516 13,673	\$	725,076 1,698,571	\$ 216,100 2,148,230	\$	230,800 1,228,350	\$	540,593 62,752	\$	1,586,692	\$	3,583,777 5,151,576
Total Program Expenditures		298,189	_	2,423,647	2,364,330	_	1,459,150	_	603,345	_	1,586,692	_	8,735,353
Less: Nonbudgeted Expenditures		475		(40,000)	(0,000)		(10.747)		4,710				4,710
Prior-Year Expenditure Adjustments Actual Budgeted Expenditures	_	297,714	_	(49,983) 2,473,630	$\frac{(2,082)}{2,366,412}$	_	$\frac{(19,747)}{1,478,897}$	_	(5) 598,640		1,586,692	_	(71,342) 8,801,985
Budget Authority Unspent Budget Authority	\$ <u></u>	301,405 3,691	\$_	3,001,529 527,899	$\begin{array}{r} 2,481,767 \\ \hline $115,355 \end{array}$	\$ <u></u>	1,522,654 43,757	\$ <u></u>	603,510 4,870	\$_	1,619,675 32,983	s <u></u>	$9,530,540 \\ \hline 728,555$
UNSPENT BUDGET AUTHORITY BY FUND													
General Fund	\$	3,663	\$	29,961	\$ 5,081	\$	802	\$	906	\$	32,983	\$	73,396
Special Revenue Fund Total Unspent Budget Authority	\$	3,691	\$	497,938 527,899	$\frac{110,274}{115,355}$	\$_	42,955 43,757	\$ <u></u>	3,964 4,870	\$ <u></u>	32,983	\$ <u></u>	$\frac{655,159}{728,555}$

This schedule is prepared from the Statewide Budgeting and Accounting System. Additional information is provided in the notes to the financial schedules beginning on page A-13.

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Notes to the Financial Schedules

For the Two Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 1996

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Accounting

The department uses the modified accrual basis of accounting, as defined by state accounting policy, for its Governmental Funds. In applying the modified accrual basis, the department records:

Revenues when it receives cash or when receipts are measurable and available to pay current period liabilities.

Expenditures for valid obligations when the department incurs the related liability and it is measurable.

Expenditures may include: entire budgeted service contracts even though the department received the services in a subsequent fiscal year; goods ordered with a purchase order before fiscal year-end, but not received as of fiscal year-end; and equipment ordered with a purchase order before fiscal year-end.

State accounting policy also requires the department to record the cost of employees' annual leave and sick leave when used or paid.

Basis of Presentation

The financial schedule format is in accordance with the policy of the Legislative Audit Committee. Effective July 1, 1996 the Legislative Audit Committee approved a new financial schedule format for inclusion in agency audit reports. The new format includes nonbudgeted expenditures and revenue activity, as well as, prior year adjustments for all financial schedules presented. In addition, financial activity for agency funds, if applicable to the agency, is included in the Schedule of Changes in Fund Balance and Property Held in Trust.

The financial schedules are prepared from the Statewide Budgeting and Accounting System without adjustment. Accounts are organized in funds according to state law. The department uses the following funds:

Notes to the Financial Schedules

Governmental Funds

General Fund - to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Special Revenue Fund - to account for proceeds of specific revenue sources legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes. Department Special Revenue Funds include Air and Army National Guard, Federal Emergency Management Assistance, and Veterans Cemetery and License Plate Fees.

2. Compensated Leave

Employees at the department accumulate both annual and sick leave. Nonexempt employees accumulate compensation leave covered by the Fair Labor Standards Act. The department pays employees for 100 percent of unused annual leave credits, 25 percent of unused sick leave credits, and 100 percent of unused Fair Labor Standards Act leave credits upon termination. Accumulated unpaid liabilities for annual, sick leave, and compensatory time are not reflected in accompanying financial schedules. The department absorbs expenditures for termination pay in its annual operational costs. At June 30, 1996, the department had a liability of \$270,112 for annual leave, \$156,520 for sick leave, and \$37,180 for Fair Labor Standards Act leave.

3. Pension Plan

Employees are covered by the Montana Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS). The department's contribution to PERS was \$197,077 in fiscal year 1994-95 and \$167,276 in fiscal year 1995-96.

4. General Fund Balance

The General Fund is a statewide fund. Each agency does not have a separate General Fund since its only authority is to pay obligations from the statewide General Fund within their appropriation limits. Thus, on an agency's schedules, the General Fund beginning and ending fund balance will always be zero.

Notes to the Financial Schedules

5. Military Capital Construction

During fiscal year 1995-96, the department established a construction program for federal funded projects. This activity was previously handled by the Department of Administration, Architecture & Engineering Division. The unspent budget authority relates to federal projects still outstanding. Approximately \$13 million of the unspent budget authority is for remodeling of armory buildings at various locations throughout the state.

6. Federal Indirect Cost Recoveries

In fiscal year 1994-95, the department received \$3,449,542 from the Federal Emergency Management Agency and \$899,622 from the United States Department of Agriculture to assist in the cost of the 1994 forest fires. The department deposited these moneys in the General Fund to reimburse the Governor's Disaster Fund.

Agency Response

DEPARTMENT OF MILITARY AFFAIRS



MARC RACICOT, GOVERNOR

P.O. BOX 4789

STATE OF MONTANA

OFFICE OF THE ADJUTANT GENERAL (406) 444-6910

HELENA MONTANA 59604-4789

November 4, 1996



Mr. Scott A. Seacat Legislative Auditor Office of the Legislative Auditor State Capitol Helena, MT

Dear Mr. Seacat,

Please find attached our responses to your final report on the audit of this Department for inclusion in the published report. I would like to thank you and your staff for their hard work and the assistance they provide this office. Audits, such as your office recently conducted, are part of a review we find helpful and necessary in operating and managing state programs.

As usual, your staff conducted themselves in a highly professional manner and were open and considerate with their inquiries and findings. We appreciate this and hope you found our staff performed in the same manner.

Thank you.

Sincerely,

John E. Prendergast Major General, MTNG

The Adjutant General

Department of Military Affairs' responses to Legislative Audit for Fiscal Years 1995 and 1996.

1. RECOMMENDATION #1

- A. We concur and will establish necessary internal administrative policies and procedures for disasters or emergencies to ensure compliance with state laws and policies. The department will identify our responsibilities and requirements, from the administrative standpoint, for disasters or emergencies. We will utilize past declarations as guides and involve necessary personnel from other state and local governments, if necessary. Areas that will be analyzed are: personnel responding, accounting compliance, purchasing requirements, declaration language to assist personnel responding to the situation, as well as providing an after action report that includes how the above areas were executed. Our goal for accomplishing this will be March of 1997.
- B. We concur. Utilizing the above process we will identify areas that could impact other agencies and work with Department of Administration, Accounting & Management Division and the Office of Budget and Program Planning to establish appropriate accounting policies and procedures. Items such as abatements and recording of revenues will be addressed along with other findings as we review the total process. Our deadline for this process will be March of 1997.

RECOMMENDATION #2

We concur. The department will pursue the option of cash advances for federal expenditures. As an interim step, the Office of the United States Property and Fiscal Officer for Montana (USPFO) is recommending the Montana Air and Army National Guard establish a bank account in the same bank as the State of Montana. Once a billing voucher, requesting reimbursement, is received in their office, and approved, the USPFO will contact the bank and have the amount of the reimbursement transferred to the state account. When a voucher is submitted by the state for payment, due to federal internal procedures, a three week delay could be experienced before the USPFO processes the payment.

We have been informed that due to the amount of federal funds expended through the state the department will be subject to the Cash Management Improvement Act. As we understand this federal policy, time lines for reimbursement will be determined by guidelines that will mandate compliance for both entities, state and federal. Our time line for the interim step is January of 1997.

RECOMMENDATION #3

A. We concur. The department will review the situations stated by the LAD, as well as our processes for all expenditures and revenues, and document procedures to comply with state law and policies. We will change our procedure for sandbags and record the appropriate expenditures and revenues. All abatements will be reviewed for compliance before formal action is initiated and necessary policies or procedures established to insure management decisions are compatible with the set procedures. We will document reimbursements from FEMA to employees for training courses and insure proper documentation is filed.

The process of review for compliance will be on going, and new situations will be addressed accordingly. The items mentioned above will have a deadline of January, 1997.

B. We concur. Checks received by the Veterans Affairs Division are now being restrictively endorsed, and we are adhering to state law and policy.